

## SMALP 140-I

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 2021-08-12

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **SMALP 140-I**  
 Registration number (REACH) Not relevant the product is a polymer

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Industrial use  
 Scientific research and development  
 Product and process orientated research and development  
 Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Polyscope Polymers B.V.  
 Prins de Lignestraat 28  
 6161 CZ Geleen  
 Netherlands

Telephone: +31 46 750 00 10  
 Website: www.orbiscope.com

e-mail (competent person) productstewardship@polyscope.eu

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +31 46 750 00 10  
 This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 - 17:00

Country	Name	Telephone
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (medical professionals only)	0344-8920111
United Kingdom	NHS (general public)	non-emergency: 111 or a doctor; emergency: 999

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word Danger

- pictograms

GHS05



- hazard statements

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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### - precautionary statements

- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/....
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### - hazardous ingredients for labelling

2,5-Furandione, telomer with ethenylbenzene and (1-ethylethyl)benzene, 3-(dimethylamino)propyl imide

## 2.3 Other hazards

Spilled material creates extremely slippery conditions.

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances







Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

The product does not contain any other ingredients which are classified according to present knowledge of the supplier and contribute to the classification of the product and hence require reporting in this section.

### Description of the mixture






Polymer. (Aqueous solution)

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Water	CAS No 7732-18-5  EC No 231-791-2	75 - < 90			
2,5-Furandione, telomer with ethenylbenzene and (1-ethylethyl)benzene, 3-(dimethylamino)propyl imide	CAS No 220582-44-5	10 - < 25	Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
hydrochloric acid ... %	CAS No 7647-01-0  EC No 231-595-7  Index No 017-002-01-X  REACH Reg. No 01-2119484862-27-xxxx	< 1	Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335	 	B(a) GHS-HC IOELV U(b)
Styrene	CAS No 100-42-5  EC No 202-851-5  Index No 601-026-00-0  REACH Reg. No 01-2119457861-32-xxxx	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Repr. 2 / H361d STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	  	D GHS-HC IARC: 2A

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethylamino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyl-dimethylamine	CAS No 109-55-7  EC No 203-680-9  Index No 612-061-00-6  REACH Reg. No 01-2119486842-27-xxxx	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 STOT SE 3 / H335	   	GHS-HC
maleic acid	CAS No 110-16-7  EC No 203-742-5  Index No 607-095-00-3  REACH Reg. No 01-2119488705-25-xxxx	< 0.01	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 STOT SE 3 / H335	 	

### Notes

- B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution
- D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed in Part 3. However, such substances are sometimes placed on the market in a non-stabilised form. In this case, the supplier must state on the label the name of the substance followed by the words 'non-stabilised'.
- GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/2008/EC, Annex VI)
- IARC: IARC group 2A: probably carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
- 2A:
- IOELV: Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value
- U(b): The allocation to the group 'compressed gas' is based on the physical state in which the gas is packaged

Name of substance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
hydrochloric acid ... %	CAS No 7647-01-0  EC No 231-595-7	Met. Corr. 1; H290: C ≥ 0.1 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %	-	-	
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethylamino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyl-dimethylamine	CAS No 109-55-7  EC No 203-680-9	-	-	377.1 mg/kg 1,100 mg/kg	oral dermal
Styrene	CAS No 100-42-5  EC No 202-851-5	-	-	11 mg/l/4h	inhalation: vapour
maleic acid	CAS No 110-16-7  EC No 203-742-5	Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.1 %	-	500 mg/kg	oral

### Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

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### Consideration of other advice

**Residual Maleic anhydride:** As the residual maleic anhydride in our products will hydrolyze to its corresponding acid form, the maleic anhydride is not applicable to our products. This results in a maleic acid content (<0.01%) which has no effect on the classification & labelling.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For specialist advice physicians should contact the poison centre.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam; Dry extinguishing powder; Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>);  
Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours and fumes, released at elevated processing temperatures, may be irritating for the eyes, nose, throat and respiratory system. In case of overexposure they can cause nausea and headache.

#### Hazardous combustion products

During fire hazardous fumes/smoke could be produced.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133). Standard protective clothing for firefighters.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

- specific notes/details

Spilled material creates extremely slippery conditions.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- incompatible substances or mixtures

Keep away from alkalis, oxidising substances, acids.

Control of effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

High temperatures. UV-radiation/sunlight. Frost.

Consideration of other advice

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Recommended storage temperature: 40 °C.

- specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

- storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature: 40 °C

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### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)									
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Notation	Source
EU	hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	IOELV	5	8	10	15		2000/39/EC
GB	styrene	100-42-5	WEL	100	430	250	1,080		EH40/2005
GB	hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	WEL	1	2	5	8	ga	EH40/2005

#### Notation

ga as gases and aerosols

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

No data available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide mechanical ventilation; in general such ventilation should be provided at compounding/converting areas and at fabricating/ filling work stations where the material is heated. Local exhaust ventilation should be used over and in the vicinity of machinery involved in handling the molten material. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the legal requirements.

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

##### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. (EN166).

##### Skin protection

Protective clothing (EN 340 &amp; EN ISO 13688).

##### - hand protection



Wear suitable gloves. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

##### - breakthrough times of the glove material

Use gloves with a minimum breakthrough times of the glove material: &gt;480 minutes (permeation: level 6).

##### - other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash stations and safety showers at the workplace.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

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### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the legal requirements.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	different
Odour	weak
Melting point/freezing point	this information is not available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C calculated value, referring to a component of the mixture
Flammability	not relevant (fluid)
Lower and upper explosion limit	LEL: UEL: not relevant
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
pH (value)	4.5 – 5.5
Kinematic viscosity	not determined

#### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Density	not determined
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Relative vapour density	this information is not available
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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
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#### Other safety characteristics

Miscibility	Completely miscible with water.
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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid prolonged exposure to heat or UV light since this may influence material properties. Material will burn when exposed to continuing source of ignition. When heated above decomposition temperature toxic fumes may be released. Recommended storage temperature: 40 °C.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Acids, Oxidisers, Alkalis

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

##### Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

##### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

##### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

- acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture			
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethyl-amino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyldimethylamine	109-55-7	oral	377.1 mg/kg
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethyl-amino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyldimethylamine	109-55-7	dermal	1,100 mg/kg
Styrene	100-42-5	inhalation: vapour	11 mg/l/4h
maleic acid	110-16-7	oral	500 mg/kg

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
hydrochloric acid ... %	7647-01-0	oral	LD50	700 mg/kg	rat
hydrochloric acid ... %	7647-01-0	dermal	LD50	>5,010 mg/kg	rabbit
hydrochloric acid ... %	7647-01-0	inhalation: vapour	LC50	1,562 mg/l/4h	rat



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Acute toxicity of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethylamino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyl-dimethylamine	109-55-7	oral	LD50	377.1 mg/kg	rat
Styrene	100-42-5	dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg	rat
maleic acid	110-16-7	oral	LD50	2,870 mg/kg	rat

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser. As the residual maleic anhydride in our products will hydrolyze to its corresponding acid form, the maleic anhydride is not applicable to our products. This results in a maleic acid content (<0.01%) which has no effect on the classification & labelling.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Based on previous experience, this product is non-degradable.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product contains low amount of a substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

Endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDC)				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Combined category	Human health category	Wildlife category
styrene	100-42-5	CAT1	CAT1	CAT3

#### Legend

CAT1 Category 1 - evidence of endocrine disruption in at least one species using intact animals  
 CAT3 Category 3 - no evidence of endocrine disruption or no data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>                                  | not subject to transport regulations                                  |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>                                 | not relevant  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>                              | none  |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>   | not assigned  |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>                                   | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>                            | There is no additional information.                                   |
| <b>14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b> | No data available.  |

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

##### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information**

Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.

##### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information**

Not subject to IMDG.

##### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information**

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

##### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Name	Name acc. to inventory	Restriction	No
SMALP 140-I	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	R3	3
Styrene	flammable / pyrophoric	R40	40
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethyl-amino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyl-dimethylamine	flammable / pyrophoric	R40	40
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane; 3-dimethyl-amino-1-propane; 3-aminopropyl-dimethylamine	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up	R75	75

##### Legend

R3

1. Shall not be used in:
  - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ash-trays,
  - tricks and jokes,
  - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
  - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
  - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
  - (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
  - (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
  - (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.;

R40

1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
  - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
  - artificial snow and frost,
  - 'whoopie' cushions,
  - silly string aerosols,
  - imitation excrement,
  - horns for parties,
  - decorative flakes and foams,
  - artificial cobwebs,
  - stink bombs.
2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

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### Legend

R75

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator;

(ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;

(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:

(i) "Rinse-off products";

(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";

(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column;

(h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:

(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);

(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";

(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;

(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;

(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;

(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

(g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph.

8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

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### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed.

### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
	not assigned		

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

None of the ingredients are listed.

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Styrene	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to possess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine-related functions in or via the aquatic environment		A)	

#### Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

### Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors, amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 98/2013

None of the ingredients are listed.

### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2000/39/EC	Commission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

The classification is based on:

Residual Maleic anhydride. As the residual maleic anhydride in our products will hydrolyze to its corresponding acid form, the maleic anhydride is not applicable to our products. This results in a maleic acid content (<0.01%) which has no effect on the classification & labelling.

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### Disclaimer

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. The information, data and recommendations are made to the best ability and obtained from reliable sources. Completeness is not guaranteed. This SDS is intended only as a guideline for the treatment of our products and provides no guarantee of product properties or contractual agreements. It remains the responsibility of the user to meet local and national legislation.